## Mathematica Centrum Together, let's shape the mathematicians of the future

## **BYRON-GERMAIN PREPARATORY TEST 2015**

1.	The number of vertices plus the number of edges of a pentagonal prism is equal to									
	A) 12	B) 25	C) 10	D) 14	E) 13					
2.	2 + 7 + 3 + 8 = ?									
	A) 18	B) 20	C) 21	D) 10	E) 19					
3.	Which of the following is not even?									
	A) 2 x 3	B) 3 x 8	C) 3 x 5	D) 3 x 2 x 4	E) 2 x 3 x 5					
4.	(1+2+3+4+5)-(4+3+2+1)=?									
	A) 6	B) 3	C) 4	D) 5	E) 2					
5.	A number multiplied	number multiplied by 6 gives 48. When the same number is tripled, the result is								
	A) 15	B) 21	C) 27	D) 18	E) 24					
6.	The one's digit of the	he sum of 3 + 5 + 7	+ 9 is							
	A) 4	B) 5	C) 24	D) 2	E) 3					
7.	The number of mul	ber of multiples of 5 between 10 and 30 is equal to								
	A) 7	B) 6	C) 5	D) 4	E) 3					
8.	A quarter of an hou	ur + half an hour + 1	hour is equal to							
	A) 108 minutes	B) 105 minutes	C) 115 minutes	D) 110 minutes	E) 100 minutes					
9.	Twice a number minus the same number is equal to 10. What is the number?									
	A) 9	B) 11	C) 12	D) 10	E) 8					
10.	The largest 3-digit	·								
	A) 754	B) 745	C) 457	D) 574	E) 475					

11.	What fraction of the square is shaded?							
	A) 1/4 D) 3/4	B) 1/2 E) 3/5	C)	2/3				
12.	If April 3 is a Monday, which of the following shows the dates of all Saturdays in the month of April?							
		B) 3, 10, 17, 24 E) 1, 8, 14, 21, 28	C)	1, 8, 15, 23, 30				
13.	If you add 1 hundred + 2 tens + 26 ones to the number 121, the result will be							
	A) 266	B) 270	C)	269	D) 268	E) 267		
14.	Which of the following equations is false?							
	A) 5¢ = \$0.50	B) 10¢ = \$0.10	C)	\$1 = 100¢	D) 50¢ = \$0.50	E) 30¢ = \$0.30		
15.	A rope 50 cm long is cut into 5 equal pieces. The length of each piece is							
	A) 20 dm C) 25 cm E) 10 cm	B) 10 dm D) 2 dm						
16.	The number of lines of symmetry in a square plus the number of lines of symmetry in a regular pentagon plus the number of lines of symmetry in a regular hexagon is equal to							
	A) 14 D) 15	B) 17 E) 13	C)	16	AB			
17.	A right-angled triangle and a right-angled trapezium intersect at points A, B, C, and D as shown in the diagram. The number of acute angles plus the right angles shown in this diagram is equal to							
	A) 12	B) 13	C)	14	D) 15	E) 16		
18.	The next number in the sequence: 30, 25, 21, 18, 16, is							
	A) 12 D) 11	B) 15 E) 13	C)	14				
19.	The sum of 1 + 2 + divisible by	3 + 4 + 5 + 6 is						
	A) 5 D) 8	B) 6 E) 9	C)	7				

20. What is the minimum number of triangles needed to form the hexagon in the diagram?

C) 6

D) 4

E) 5

B) 3

A) 7